

Barley, Forage Haybet

an awnleted variety developed specifically for forage; useful on salt-affected soils

Buckwheat

fast-growing vegetation; may increase bioavailability of phosphorus; early -- take out before sets seed

Chicory

dandelion-like perennial (not invasive though) that can produce decent amounts of very nutritious forage

Clover, Persian

a fast-growing annual clover for wet or well-drained soils; good N-fixer and forage producer; mix with teff!

Clover, Red Medium

perennial clover for multiple cuts/grazings; less productive in year of seeding than annual clovers

Clover, Red Mammoth

better suited than "Medium" Red Clover for single-cut/grazing systems

Clover, Sweet Yellow Blossom

biennial clover with minimal shoot growth first year; use scarified seed to minimize invasive weedy concerns

Cowpea

warm season annual legume; better N-fixer than soybeans; attracts beneficial insects; requires spcl inoculant

Corn, Grazing

heavy-tillering, low-lignan, very digestible and productive grazing or balage in 8 - 9 weeks

Lentil, V. Small Red

small-seeded to minimize cost; the best annual legume for late-seeding (>Aug. 1); tolerates cold into the teens

Lentil, Black Indianhead

small-seeded as well; harder to find and more expensive; hard seed problem a concern for grain lentil growers

Millet, German Golden

foxtail millet; later than Siberian so not a likely to go to seed; does not regrow after grazed/hayed

Millet, Hybrid Pearl

cattail millet; v productive with heat & moisture; late so should not set viable seed; regrows after clipped

Millet, White Proso

grain millet; likely to set seed so precautions should be taken to prevent it from becoming a weed

Oat, Forage EverLeaf 126

later maturing and more vegetative than grain oats; more productive in eastern (higher yielding) loc's

Oat, Dual-Purpose Kona

tall grain oat = dual purpose; better adaptation than E126 where moisture is limited

Pea, Austrian Winter

forage pea; marginal winterhardiness; can be spring sown; hard seed a concern for grain pea growers

Pea, Spring Forage, Arvika or 4010

long-vine forage peas; hard seed a concern for grain pea growers

Radish, Daikon type (oil seed)

aka tillage, oil seed, or forage radish; large deep tap to increase infiltration & alleviate compaction

Rape, Dwarf Essex

relatively fibrous-rooted for a brassica; excellent grazer; cold tolerant

Ryegrass, Annual

small seeded; excellent forage quality; good cold tol.; easier to control than Italian

Ryegrass, Italian

a more productive annual ryegrass but is more likely to overwinter and is harder to control

Sorghum, Grain

short-statured grain producer great for pheasants but prussic acid a concern for grazing

Sorghum/Sudan Hybrid

very productive warm season forage that may be a little too aggressive in a mix (choke out others)

Sorghum/Sudan Hybrid - BMR

same as above but more digestible; still some concern with prussic acid but not as bad as straight sorghum

Soybean, Non-GMO

large seeded warm season legume

Sudangrass, Piper

warm season grass that hays better and grazes better than sorghum/sudan

Sudangrass, Hybrid BMR HayKing

same as above but even more digestible and productive than Piper

Sugarbeet

salt tolerant deep tap root for prevent-plant acres; can recapture deep nitrogen at risk of leaching loss

Sunflower, Oilseed

deep tap rooted warm season broadleaf that grazes fairly well but not suited for haying

Teffgrass, Tiffany

the only warm season annual grass that hays well; multiple cuts possible; consider a mix w/ Persian clover

Triticale, Spring

heavy biomass producer and allelopathic to suppress weeds

Triticale, Winter

heavy biomass producer and allelopathic to suppress weeds

Turnip, Purple Top

fleshy bulbed deep tap-rooting brassica; amazing grazing qualities; best nutrient cyclers; cold tol.

Vetch, Chickling - AC Greenfix

cool season vining legume; best N-fixer; can hay or graze this high protein forage

Vetch, Common

cool season vining legume; can relocate phosphorus stratifying on soil surface to deep storage in its roots

Vetch, Hairy

cool season vining legume; fall seed with rye or triticale for best results; can become "weedy"